CDC/IDSA COVID-19 Clinician Call June 5, 2021

Welcome & Introduction Susanna Visser, DrPH, MS

Senior Advisor, Policy and Partnerships Team HSWS Task Force COVID-19 Response Associate Director for Policy & Extramural Program Division of Vector-Borne Diseases National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

- 68th in a series of weekly calls, initiated by CDC as a forum for information sharing among frontline clinicians caring for patients with COVID-19
- The views and opinions expressed here are those of the presenters and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of the CDC or IDSA. Involvement of CDC and IDSA should not be viewed as endorsement of any entity or individual involved.
- This webinar is being recorded and can be found online at <u>www.idsociety.org/cliniciancalls</u>.

TODAY'S TOPIC: Update on Breakthrough Infections



Debbie Dowell, MD, MPH, CAPT, USPHSDeputy Chief Medical Officer
COVID-19 Response
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



Emilia (Emily) Koumans, MD, MPH Clinical Disease and Health Systems Team Lead COVID-19 Response Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



Lilian Abbo, MD, FIDSA
Chief Infection Prevention and Antimicrobial Stewardship
Jackson Health System
Professor of Infectious Diseases
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Shweta Anjan, MD Assistant Professor of Clinical Medicine Division of Infectious Diseases University of Miami Miller School of Medicine



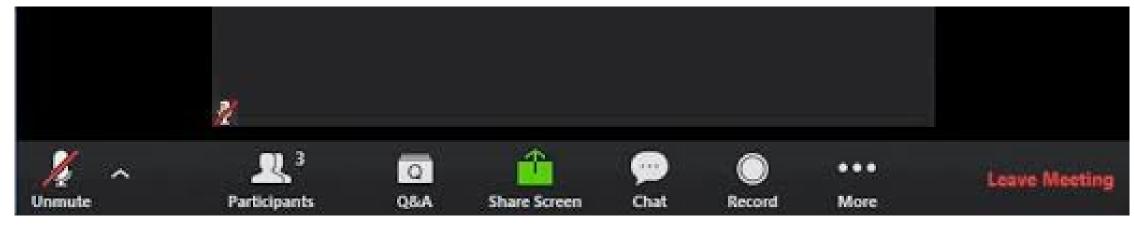
David Andrews, MD
Associate Professor of Clinical Pathology
University of Miami Miller School of Medicine
CLIA Laboratory Director, Jackson Memorial Hospital

Question? Use the "Q&A" Button





Comment?
Use the "Chat" Button

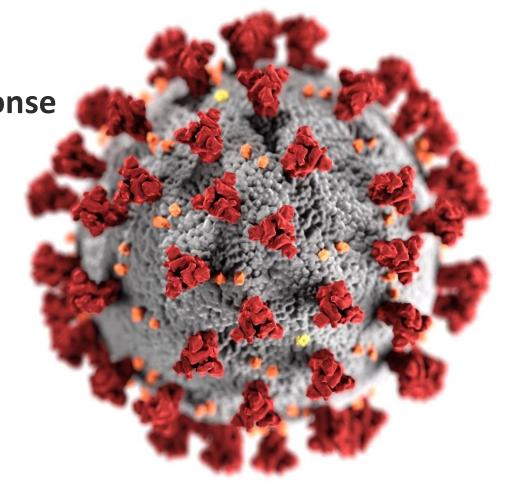


CDC Science Brief: COVID-19 Vaccines and Vaccination

Debbie Dowell, MD, MPH
Deputy Chief Medical Officer, COVID-19 Response

CDC/Infectious Diseases Society of America Clinician Call

June 5, 2021





cdc.gov/coronavirus

CDC Science Brief: COVID-19 Vaccines and Vaccination

- Available at <u>www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/science-briefs/fully-vaccinated-people.html</u>
- Purpose: to summarize the evidence supporting CDC's Interim Public
 Health Recommendations for Fully Vaccinated People
- Last updated April 2, 2021
 - Guidance update released April 27
 - Guidance update released May 13
 - Substantial increase in the evidence base



Summary of Major Updates to Science Brief

- 17 new studies showing effectiveness of COVID-19 vaccination
 - First real-world study of Johnson & Johnson's Janssen vaccine
- 9 new studies supporting reductions in transmission of SARS-CoV-2 by vaccinated people who become infected
 - 3 new studies of vaccine effectiveness against asymptomatic infection
 - 4 new studies showing reduced viral load among infected vaccinated people
 - 2 new studies directly documenting reduced transmission
- More data on effectiveness of mRNA vaccines against variants of concern
- Streamlined content to focus on robust body of vaccine evidence
 - Created separate brief for evidence supporting travel recommendations



Summary of Current Evidence (1st of 2 summary slides)

- Effectiveness of COVID-19 vaccines ≥7 days post-vaccination
 - mRNA vaccines 85%-99% effective against symptomatic disease
 - One study from Denmark estimating 64% effectiveness in longterm care residents
 - mRNA vaccines 92%-98% effective against severe disease and 87%-97% against hospitalization
 - J&J/Janssen vaccine 77% effective against symptomatic disease



Summary of Current Evidence (2nd of 2 summary slides)

- Effectiveness of COVID-19 vaccines against transmission
 - mRNA vaccines 65%-92% effective against asymptomatic infection
 - Transmission risk to household contacts approximately halved by vaccination
- Effectiveness of COVID-19 vaccines against variants
 - mRNA vaccines: >85% overall when B.1.1.7 prevalent
 - Pfizer-BioNTech: 90% against B.1.1.7; 75% against B.1.351
 - J&J/Janssen: reduced VE when B.1.351 prevalent but ≥73% vs. severe disease



What We're Still Learning

- Effectiveness of vaccination among immunosuppressed populations
 - Reduced immunogenicity of vaccination observed among several groups
- Duration of immunity
- Level of population immunity needed for community protection
- Real-world effectiveness of Johnson & Johnson's Janssen vaccine on outcomes including severe disease, hospitalization and death.
- More about effectiveness against viral transmission and infection with variants of concern

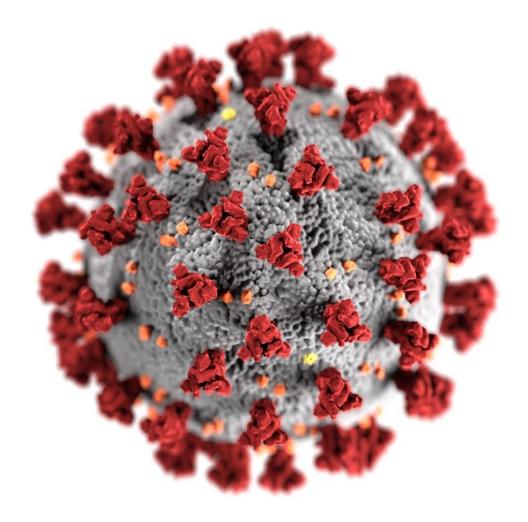


Key Points

- All COVID-19 vaccines currently authorized in the United States are effective against
 COVID-19, including serious outcomes like severe disease, hospitalization, and death.
- A growing body of evidence indicates that people fully vaccinated with an mRNA vaccine are less likely to have asymptomatic infection or to transmit SARS-CoV-2 to others. Studies are underway to learn more about the benefits of Johnson & Johnson/Janssen vaccine.
- Available evidence suggests the currently authorized mRNA COVID-19 vaccines
 provide protection against a variety of strains, including B.1.1.7 and B.1.351; other
 vaccines show reduced efficacy against B.1.351 but may still protect against severe
 disease.



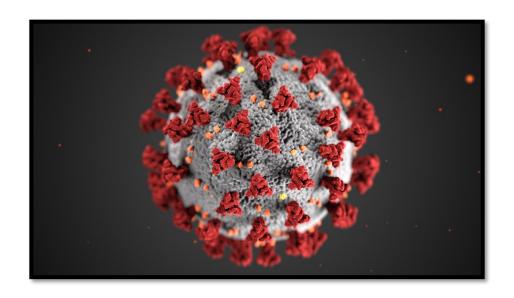
For more information, contact CDC 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)
TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov



The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.



The Miami Experience at Jackson Health System Variants, Vaccinations and COVID-19 Breakthrough Infections



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Disclosure

No conflicts of interest to disclose



JMH licensed 1550 beds 270 ICU beds







2 Community Hospitals

2 Long Term Care Facilities

4 Miami-Dade Corrections/ Jails



12,000 employees 500 University of Miami Faculty



Miracles made daily.

What about our Healthcare workers?



Case Presentation

- 61-year-old male
- Past Medical history: HTN, Nephrotic Syndrome, ESRD on hemodialysis since 6/2020
- Received 2 doses of mRNA vaccine (Pfizer-BioNTech) 78 days prior
- Presented with fever, cough, dyspnea, nausea, and diarrhea for 3 days
- No prior COVID-19 infection and no severe reactions to the vaccine
- On physical exam: patient was in distress, with decreased breath sounds bilaterally

Labs and Imaging

WBC 19.9 10(3)/mcL

ANC: 17.8

ALC: 1.2

Platelets: 235

D-dimer: 1.57 mcg/ml

CRP: 8.2 mg/dl

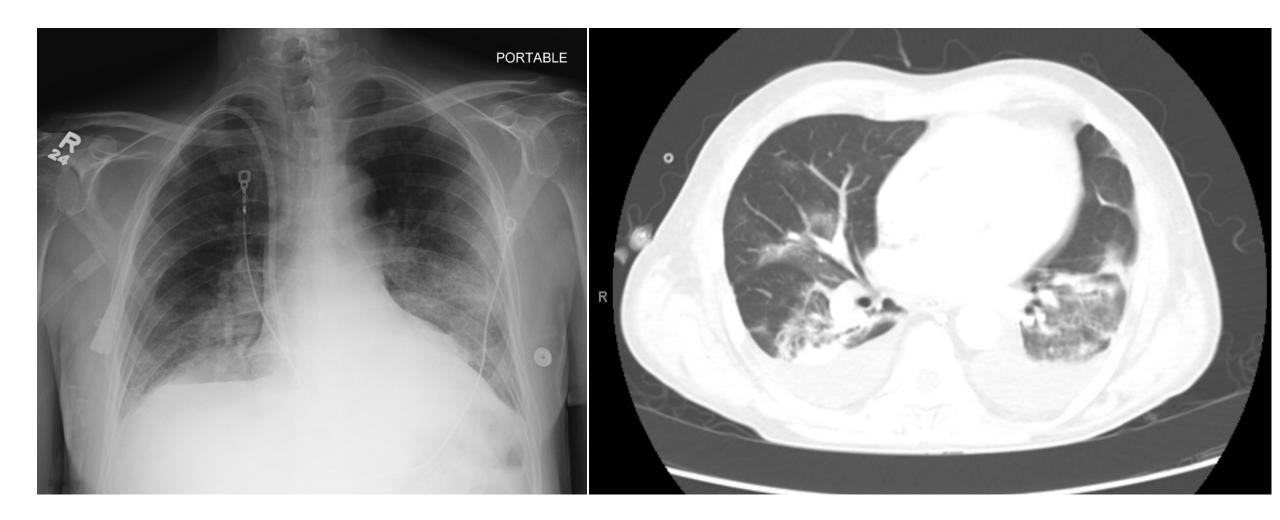
Ferritin: 2094

ng/ml

LDH: 1042 unit/L

Troponin: 0.027 ng/ml

Blood Cultures: Negative



Hospital Course

Day of Hospital admission:

78 days from second dose,

On 4 L/min of O2

COVID-19

Antibodies Detected

Total: 156

IgG: 22.18

Day 6 – 8,

4-5 L via NC















Day 2: Increased O2 requirements; HFNC 45/FiO2 100%

Day 3-5,

Discharged Home

Remdesivir and dexamethasone

15L NRB

Acknowledgments

ID Colleagues

Drs Laura Beauchamps, Jovanna Bertran, Foluaskin Ayoade, Stephen Morris, Yoichiro Natori, Jacques Simkins, Shweta Anjan

University or Miami Pathology/Genetics/Cancer Center Colleagues

Drs. Merce Jorda (Chair), Emmanuel Thomas, Sion Williams (Cancer Center), Yi Zhou, Anthony Griswold (Genetics), Jacob McCauley (Genetics), Octavio Martinez, Ranjini Valiathan, Ms. Yamina Caratini

JHS Antimicrobial Stewardship and Pharmacy Teams

Venessa Goodnow, Ennie Cano, Ana Vega, Kailyn Deronde, Meshell Maxam, Christine Vu, Julio Simon, Renata Boatright, Veronica Salazar.

JHS Infection Prevention Team

Kathleen Sposato, Maribel Ruiz, Adriana Jimenez, Javier Cardozo, Regina McDade, Natalia Fadul, Jolie Dobson, Paula Weisberg, Regina Williams, Kelley Manzanillo, Christopher Christy, Delia Roberts, Olga Orozco, Doreen Amarsingh

JHS Microbiology Lab Team

• Huy Dingh, Biaggio di Pascale, Clara Prado, Sallie Wright, Katiuska Parra, Joanna Danton

JHS Information and Technology

• Dr. Alina Brebene, Dr. Joseph Zeitouini, Jermaine Allen, Donna Benjamin

Thank you







Updates on COVID-19 Vaccine breakthrough infections: Clinical perspective from Miami

Shweta Anjan, MD
Assistant Professor of Clinical Medicine
Division of Infectious Diseases
University of Miami Miller School of Medicine

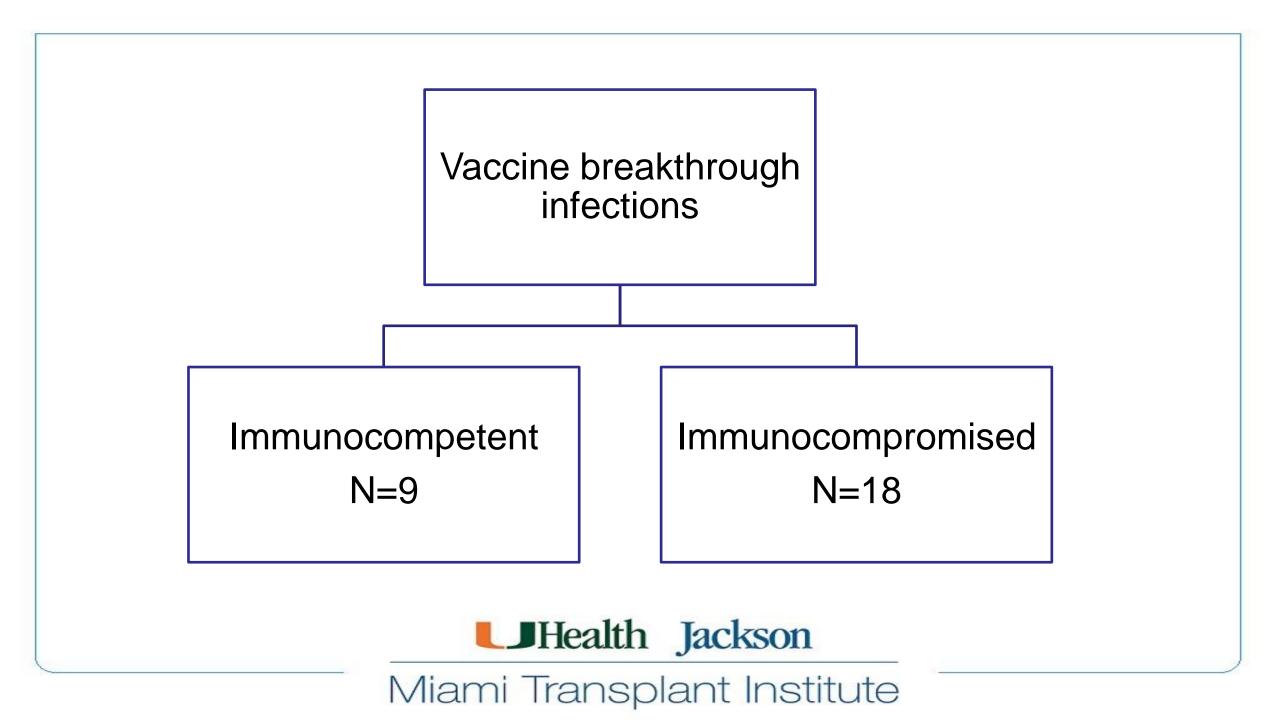


Miami Transplant Institute

Disclosure

No conflicts of interest to disclose





Immunocompetent

Demographics

- Mean Age: 70 years (58 89)
- 67% Male
- 78% Hispanic

Co-morbidities

- 67% HTN
- 89% BMI >25
- 22% DM

Median time from vaccine to COVID diagnosis: 67 days (9-115) (56% mRNA, 44% Ad26.COV2.S)

All required hospital admission (67% ICU, 33% COVID-19 Ward)

Management

- Remdesivir + dexamethasone 55%
- Convalescent plasma, tocilizumab 11%
- Supportive care 11%



Outcomes

- 89% recovered and discharged home
- 11% (n=1) mortality



Miami Transplant Institute

Immunocompromised: Solid organ transplant recipients

- Antibody response lower than general population
- Severe immunosuppression has been linked to Chronic COVID-19 and Virus variants

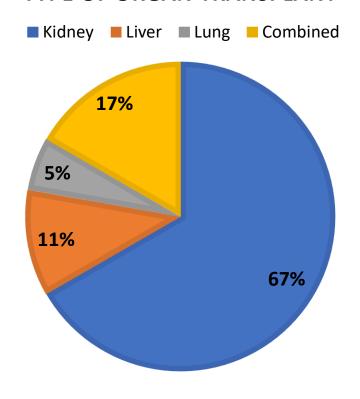
- 1. Boyarsky BJ et al. Antibody Response to 2-Dose SARS-CoV-2 mRNA Vaccine Series in Solid Organ Transplant Recipients. *JAMA*. 2021;325(21):2204–2206.
- 2. Abbasi J. Researchers Tie Severe Immunosuppression to Chronic COVID-19 and Virus Variants. *JAMA*. 2021;325(20):2033–2035.



Immunocompromised: Solid organ transplant recipients

- As of April 30, 2021, 2957 SOTR have been vaccinated →18 cases (breakthrough rate 0.60%)
- 83% were fully vaccinated
- Demographics
 - 58 (41 81) years
 - 50% Female
 - 72% Hispanic ethnicity
- 50% → exposed to an unvaccinated family member with COVID-19

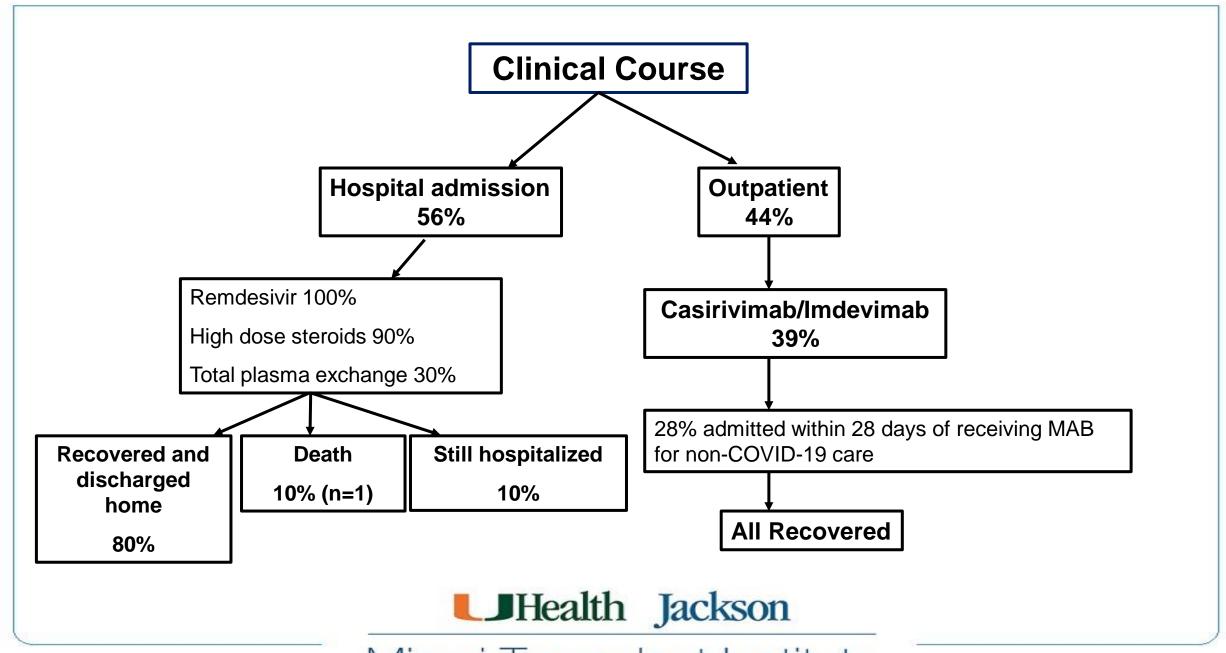
TYPE OF ORGAN TRANSPLANT



- Time from transplant to first dose of the vaccine
 →26 (range 2 90) months
 - 3/18 within 6 months of transplant
- Time from vaccine to diagnosis →25 days (range, 4 96)



Miami Transplant Institute



Miami Transplant Institute

In Summary

- Severe COVID-19 and mortality can occur in vaccine breakthrough cases
- Encourage patients to seek medical care early while they may qualify for MAB
- Immunocompromised individuals should continue wearing a mask
- Vaccine breakthrough data comparing available vaccines (mRNA, viral vector and adjuvanted protein platforms) are needed
- Vaccine protocols may need to be tailored by State, population and predominant variant

Questions?

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SARS-CoV-2 gene variant trends from patient and student samples in Miami-Dade County, Florida

David Andrews, MD

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University of Miami Miller School of Medicine
Vice-chief, Pathology, Jackson Health System Hospitals
CLIA Lab Director, Jackson Memorial, Jackson North, Jackson South Hospitals

June 5, 2021





Disclosure

No conflicts of interest to disclose



Study Design

Non-HSRO/deidentified samples for Surveillance effort

- Beginning mid-January 2021, residual clinical samples were retrieved from the lab after Positive SARS-CoV-2 molecular results obtained.
- Samples initially screened in Pathology by qPCR with the TaqPath (TaqPath COVID-19 PCR, Thermo Fisher Scientific) assay to detect the B.1.1.7 UK Variant as manifested by the S-Gene target failure (SGTF)
- Sequencing methods developed in our Cancer Center (Sylvester Comprehensive Cancer Center) Oncogenomics Core facility, where the NEB Biolabs ARTIC method of multiplexed amplicon-based whole viral genome sequencing was implemented on the Illumina NovaSeq platform. Program overseen by Dr. Sion Williams.
- Bioinformatics pipeline was handled by Dr. Anthony Griswold in our UM Genetics Institute (Hussman Institute for Human Genomics)

Sample sources – weekly collections





Jackson Memorial Hospital Jackson North Medical Center Jackson South Medical Center Ambulatory Urgent Care Centers

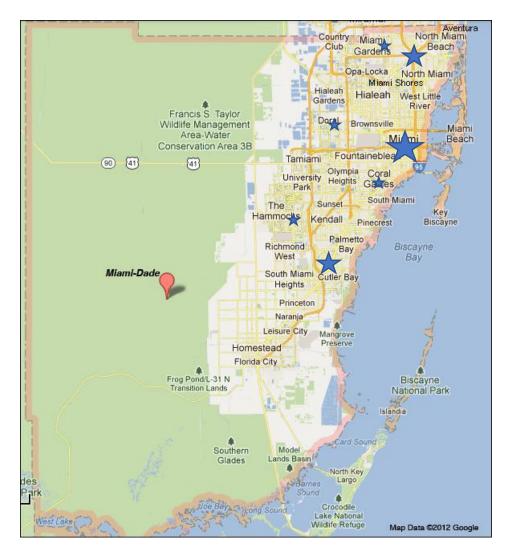




UHealth Tower (University of Miami Hospital) **Sylvester Cancer Center**



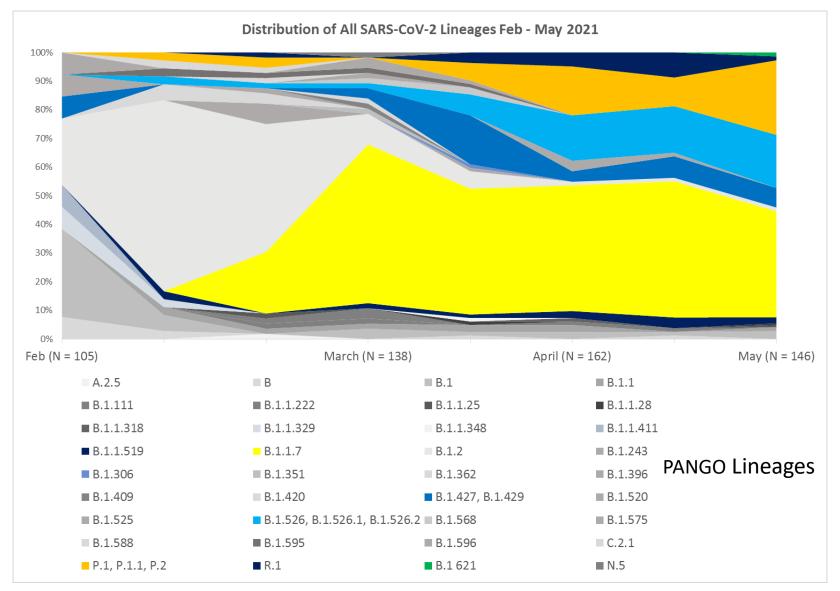
Undergraduate Students Active SARS-CoV-2 screening program





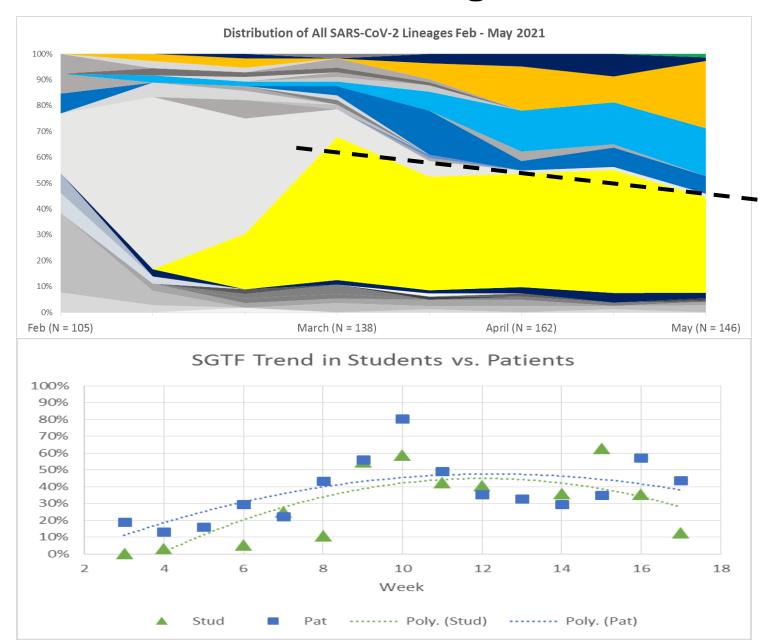


Overall lineage trends: Varied & Diverse, like Miami!





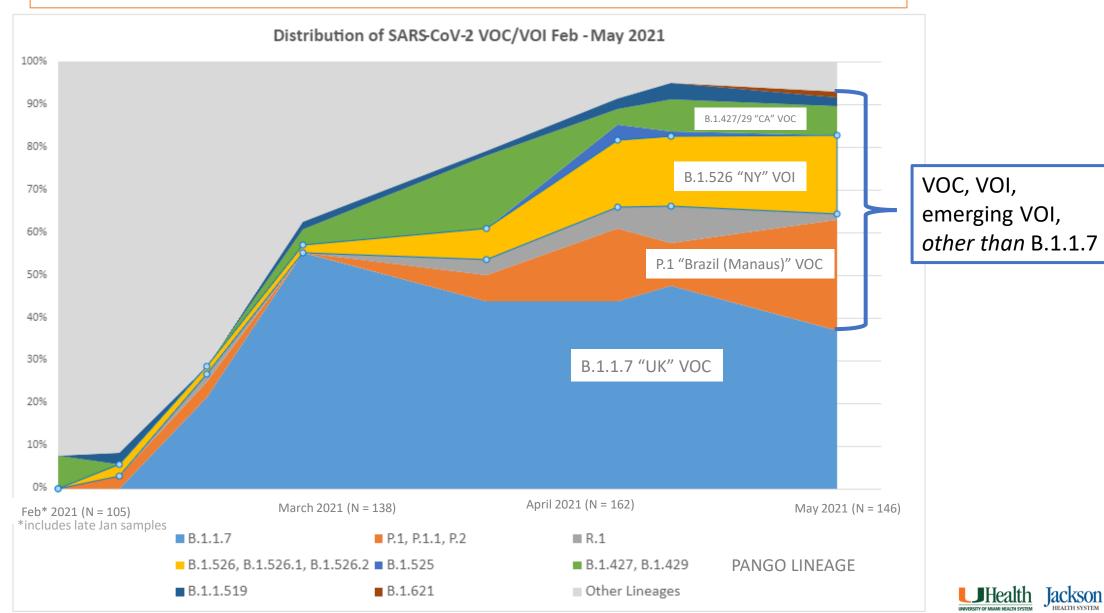
B.1.1.7 trending down







Increasing prevalence Jan -> May 2021 Variants of Concern, Variants of Interest, emerging Variants of interest.





May 2021 NGS (SARS-Cov-2)					VOC = Variant of Concern VOI = Variant of Interest
	# VOC	Total	Students	Patients	Student % vs patient
	**VOI	Students	n=73	n=73	% Statistically
	^^emerging VOI	& Patients			different?
lineage		N=146			(Y/N)
B.1.1.7	UK Variant#	54 (36.9%)	22 (30.1%)	32 (43.8%)	N
P.1, P.1.1,	Brazil#, including		20 (27.3%)	19 (26%)	N
B.1.1.28	B.1.1.28 (n=1)	39 (26.7%)			
B.1.526,	New York**				N
B.1.526.1,					
B.1.526.2		27 (18.5%)	17 (23.3%)	10 (13.7%)	
B.1.427,	California#				N
B.1.429		10 (6.8%)	6 (8.2%)	4 (5.5%)	
B.1,	Not VOC/VOI		6 (8.2%)	6 (8.2%)	N
B.1.1,					
B.1.2,					
B.1.1.519,					
B.1.1.25		12 (8.2%)			
B.1.621	Colombia^^	2 (1.4%)	0	2 (2.7%)	N
R.1	USA/Japan^^	2 (1.4%)	2 (2.7%)	0	N
Total		146	73	73	

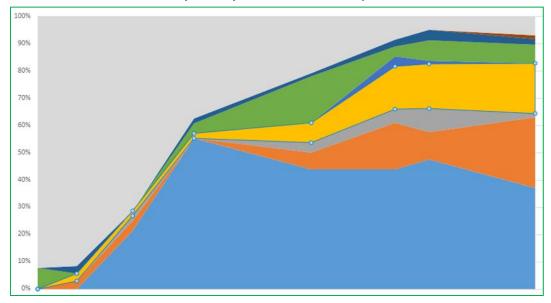
May 2021 NGS summary:
Approximately
88% of samples
sequenced revealed
a PANGO lineage
associated with a
VOC, VOI, or
an emerging variant
of interest.

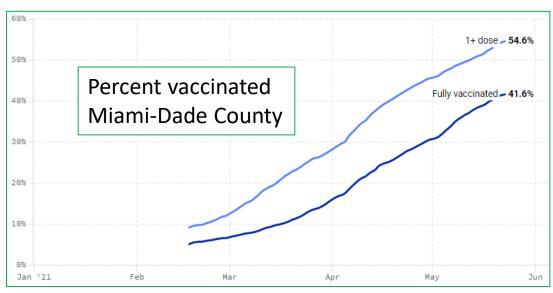
Conclusion from above: Approximately 90% of all PCR-Positive samples are VOC or VOI



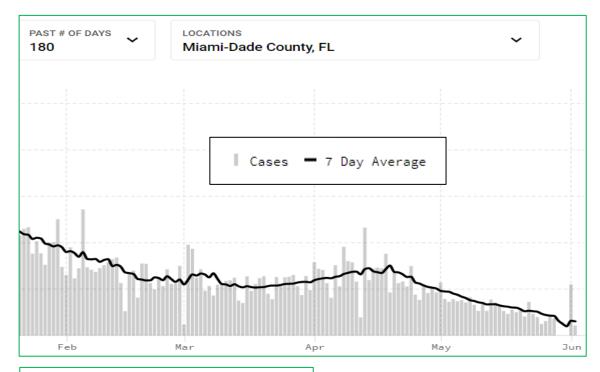


Feb -> early May VOC/VOI expansion





Conclusion: Despite significant expansion of VOC/VOI, case numbers are falling in association with increased vaccination rate. The data suggests vaccines provide good protection.



graphs retrieved 6-4-2021 from covidactnow.org (source data from Florida Dept. of Health)



EDITORIALS



Interplay between Emerging SARS-CoV-2 Variants and Pandemic Control

Kathleen M. Neuzil, M.D., M.P.H.

Quote:

Vaccine evaluations against new variants will be more challenging going forward as data from randomized, placebo-controlled clinical trials become less common owing to enhanced availability of vaccines.

A global scientific agenda that encompasses extensive genomic surveillance, detailed "correlate of protection" evaluations, and robust post-introduction surveillance and sequencing is necessary to measure the effect of new and current vaccines against SARS-CoV-2 variants.

NEJM 384;20 May 20, 2021

Thank you! dandrews@miami.edu

Acknowledgments:

UM: Dr. Merce Jorda (Pathology chair) and Dr. Stephen Nimer (Cancer Center director)

JHS: Dr. Peter Paige, CMO

Q&A and Discussion

Links and Resources

- Slide 5 CDC Science Brief: COVID-19 Vaccines and Vaccination www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/science-briefs/fully-vaccinated-people.html
- Slide 37 Calculator https://www.medcalc.org/calc/comparison of proportions.php



An online community bringing together information and opportunities for discussion on latest research, guidelines, tools and resources from a variety of medical subspecialties around the world.



Specialty Society Collaborators

American Academy of Family Physicians
American Academy of Pediatrics
American College of Emergency Physicians
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American Geriatrics Society
American Thoracic Society
Pediatric Infectious Diseases Society
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Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America
Society of Hospital Medicine
Society of Infectious Diseases Pharmacists

www.COVID19LearningNetwork.org

@RealTimeCOVID19
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CDC-IDSA Partnership: Clinical Management Call Support

FOR WHOM?

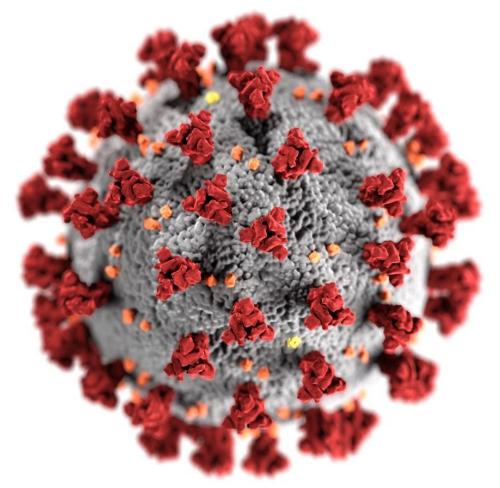
Clinicians who have questions about the clinical management of COVID-19

WHAT?

 Calls from clinicians will be triaged by CDC to a group of IDSA volunteer clinicians for peer-to-peer support

HOW?

- Clinicians may call the main CDC information line at 800-CDC-INFO (800-232-4636)
- To submit your question in writing, go to www.cdc.gov/cdc-info and click on Contact Form









idweek.org Virtual Conference



Save the Date Sept. 29 – Oct. 3, 2021

Attend, Learn & Collaborate.

Advancing Science, Improving Care

Important Dates:

- Registration is Open
- Abstract Submission Deadline June 9
- Case Submission Deadline June 9

Continue the conversation on Twitter

@RealTimeCOVID19
#RealTimeCOVID19



We want to hear from you!

Please complete the post-call survey.

Starting in June the calls will be held the twice a month:

Next Call

Saturday, June 19

Topic: Myocarditis

A recording of this call will be posted at www.idsociety.org/cliniciancalls

-- library of all past calls available --

Contact Us:

Dana Wollins (<u>dwollins@idsociety.org</u>)
Deirdre Lewis (<u>dlewis@idsociety.org</u>)